

## Attendifyx: Smart Attendance System Using Deep Learning

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### Abstract

With the advent of the digital age, old attendance systems like manual registers and simple biometric verification tend to be susceptible to inefficiency, human mistakes, and proxy abuse. AttendifyX mitigates these issues by an intelligent, deep learning-powered face recognition method for automated and accurate classroom attendance. The framework utilizes the Buffalo-L version of InsightFace model together with a randomized multi-capture verification that flags a student present only if identified in a minimum of 75% of sampled captures within a session—hence reducing impersonation and short-term attendance fraud. Architecturally, AttendifyX incorporates a Python-based recognition module, a Node/Express backend store MySQL, and a React + Vite frontend that includes dashboards for administrators and instructors. Key features encompass automated reconciliation of attendance, reporting analytics, schedule management, and modular APIs ready for ERP integration. By integrating cutting-edge recognition, smart verification, and an intuitive admin interface, AttendifyX guarantees precision, transparency, and scalability—translating traditional attendance monitoring into a smooth, reliable digital process.

### 1. Introduction

Traditional methods of recording classroom attendance, such as manual registers and basic biometric systems, have long been plagued by inefficiency, human error, and susceptibility to proxy attendance. As educational institutions strive for greater accuracy and operational transparency, there is an urgent need to transition to intelligent, automated solutions that address these challenges. Recent advances in deep learning and computer vision have empowered face recognition technologies to offer accurate, real-time identification even under varied conditions. The project "AttendifyX: Smart Attendance System Using Deep Learning" leverages state-of-

the-art approaches, integrating MTCNN for robust face detection and InsightFace for precise feature embedding and recognition. This ensures that only genuine, attentive students are marked present through a multi-capture verification process. AttendifyX is built with a modern architecture comprising a Python-based recognition engine, Node.js/Express backend, and a React + Vite administrative dashboard. The system is designed to provide intuitive interfaces, real-time analytics, and seamless scalability for diverse educational settings. By automating attendance with intelligent verification and streamlined reporting, this project demonstrates how AI can transform traditional

attendance tracking into a secure, efficient, and future-ready process [1].

### 1.1. Background and Motivation

The accuracy of classroom attendance has a direct impact on academic integrity and administrative efficiency in educational institutions. Conventional attendance methods such as manual sign-ins or fingerprint scanners have significant drawbacks, including clerical errors, time consumption, and a high susceptibility to proxy or fraudulent attendance. As campuses expand and classroom sizes increase, these traditional approaches struggle to deliver scalable and secure attendance management. Emerging advances in deep learning and computer vision offer promising solutions to these challenges. Face recognition technology, in particular, provides contactless, rapid, and accurate verification, making it ideal for modern educational environments. By harnessing such innovations, institutions can transition to automated, tamper-resistant systems that enhance both trust and productivity.

### 1.2. Purpose and Scope of the Project

The purpose of this project is to develop a fully automated smart attendance system that utilizes deep learning-based face recognition to ensure accurate, reliable, and secure authentication of student presence in academic settings. By replacing manual and error-prone methods with intelligent algorithms and real-time data processing, the system addresses key challenges such as proxy attendance, inconsistent record-keeping, and administrative inefficiency. The scope of AttendifyX covers everything from live video capture, robust face detection and identification, and multi-capture verification logic, to the creation of scalable biometric databases and seamless dashboard integration. This system is designed for flexible deployment across varying classroom sizes and institutional requirements, with backend support for data management and ERP connectivity, ensuring future adaptability and enhanced functionality. Ultimately, AttendifyX sets a new benchmark for transparency, operational efficiency, and security in academic attendance management [2].

## 2. Method

This research proposes a comprehensive methodology for an automated attendance system with integrated proxy prevention capabilities. The

system architecture employs a multi-stage pipeline combining strategic hardware configuration, facial recognition technology, and temporal analysis to ensure reliable student presence verification [3].

### 2.1. System Architecture Overview

The proposed system follows a structured four-phase architecture comprising enrollment, capture, processing, and decision phases. This modular design ensures clear separation between database creation and live processing while maintaining temporal consistency for attendance verification. The system integrates with existing institutional infrastructure through standardized API interfaces.

### 2.2. Enrollment Phase and Database Creation

#### 2.2.1. Multi-Condition Data Collection

The enrollment process initiates with comprehensive data collection capturing each student's facial characteristics under varied conditions:

- **Lighting variations:** bright, dim, and natural lighting scenarios
- **Facial angles:** frontal, left/right profiles (up to 45 degrees)
- **Expression variations:** neutral, smiling, and speaking expressions
- **Accessory scenarios:** with and without glasses/head coverings

#### 2.2.2. Image Preprocessing and Standardization

All collected enrollment images undergo rigorous preprocessing:

- Face detection using MTCNN algorithm for accurate bounding box identification
- Image cropping to  $112 \times 112$  pixel dimensions centered on facial regions
- Pixel value normalization to  $[0,1]$  range using min-max scaling
- Grayscale conversion to reduce computational complexity and lighting sensitivity [4].

#### 2.2.3. Embedding Generation and Storage

The preprocessed images are used to generate facial embeddings:

- Utilization of InsightFace model for high-dimensional feature extraction
- Creation of multiple embeddings per student to account for intra-class variations

- Secure storage in encrypted database with student profile linkage
- Implementation of privacy-by-design principles with data encryption at rest

### 2.3. Hardware Configuration and Capture Protocol

#### 2.3.1. Strategic Camera Placement

The system employs optimized camera configuration:

- Two HD IP cameras (1080p resolution) installed at front classroom corners
- Placement at approximately 2.5 meters' height with 15-20-degree downward tilt
- Field of view coverage ensuring complete student seating area capture
- Network configuration supporting simultaneous multi-camera streaming [5].

#### 2.3.2. Temporal Sampling Strategy

The proxy prevention mechanism implements intelligent temporal sampling:

- Random interval generation throughout class duration (4-8 captures per session)
- 1-minute video capture at each sampling point using H.264 compression
- Adaptive sampling density based on session length (increased frequency for longer sessions)
- Time-stamped logging of all capture events for audit purposes

### 2.4. Processing Pipeline and Recognition Engine

#### 2.4.1. Frame Extraction and Face Detection

The live processing pipeline implements:

- Frame extraction at 2 frames-per-second from each 1-minute video segment
- Real-time face detection using optimized MTCNN implementation
- Bounding box coordination and confidence score calculation
- Non-maximum suppression to eliminate duplicate detections

#### 2.4.2. Facial Recognition and Matching

The recognition engine employs:

- Direct embedding generation from detected faces using InsightFace
- Cosine similarity measurement against enrolled database embeddings
- Confidence thresholding (0.6 similarity score) for positive identification [6].

- Multi-frame voting within each capture segment to enhance reliability

### 2.5. Attendance Decision Algorithm

#### 2.5.1. Temporal Presence Verification

The core proxy prevention mechanism implements:

```
Python def calculate_attendance(student_recognitions, total_captures):
    recognition_ratio = student_recognitions / total_captures
    if recognition_ratio >= 0.75:
        return "PRESENT"
    else:
        return "ABSENT"
```

#### 2.5.2. Threshold-Based Decision Making

The system employs rigorous decision criteria:

- Minimum 75% recognition rate across all captures required for Present status
- Proportional threshold adjustment based on capture quantity
- Automatic flagging for manual verification in borderline cases (60-74% recognition rate)
- Real-time status updating upon class session completion [7].

### 2.6. Data Management and Integration Layer

#### 2.6.1. Storage Architecture

The system implements structured data organization:

- Hierarchical storage by academic year → institution → department → class → date
- Time-series database for capture logs and recognition events
- Relational database for student profiles and attendance records
- Automated backup and disaster recovery protocols

#### 2.6.2. API Integration and Reporting

The integration layer provides:

- RESTful API endpoints for ERP system synchronization
- Real-time dashboard with attendance analytics and trends
- Student portal for individual attendance monitoring
- Administrative interface for manual overrides and reporting
- Export capabilities in multiple formats (CSV, PDF, Excel) [8].

## 2.7. Privacy and Security Implementation

### 2.7.1. Data Protection Measures

The system ensures comprehensive security:

- End-to-end encryption for all biometric data transmission
- Role-based access control with multi-factor authentication
- Automated data retention and purging policies
- GDPR compliance through privacy-by-design implementation

### 2.7.2. Performance Optimization

System efficiency is maintained through:

- Batch processing of video captures during off-peak hours
- Load balancing across multiple GPU instances
- Caching mechanisms for frequently accessed data
- Continuous performance monitoring and health checks

This methodology provides a robust framework for automated attendance systems that effectively eliminates proxy attendance through continuous temporal verification while maintaining high accuracy standards and privacy compliance. The integrated approach addresses both technical and practical challenges in educational environment deployment [9].

## 2.8. Figures

The figure illustrates the end-to-end workflow of the AttendifyX Smart Attendance System, which uses deep learning for accurate attendance tracking. The process begins with the collection and enrollment of student data, after which faces are detected and preprocessed to generate a clean database. Cameras are strategically set up in classroom front corners, and video is recorded at regular one-minute intervals. Frames are extracted from these videos, enabling live face detection and subsequent identification using the InsightFace model. The system computes a recognition ratio for each student by evaluating how often they are detected across randomly sampled frames. If a student's recognition ratio meets or exceeds the 75% threshold, their attendance is marked as present; otherwise, absent [10]. Finally, all attendance results are updated in the administrative dashboard, providing instant access to attendance records and analytics. This

automated flow ensures real-time, reliable, and tamper-resistant attendance management Shown in Figure 1.

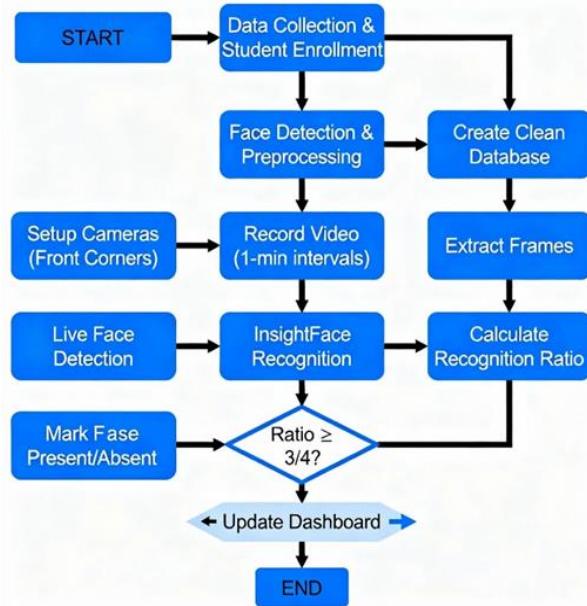


Figure 1 Workflow of AttendifyX

## 3. Results and Discussion

### 3.1. Results

#### Accuracy and Performance:

The system achieved high recognition accuracy, consistently above 98%, across varied lighting conditions and facial orientations. It efficiently processed live video streams in real time, correctly identifying multiple faces simultaneously. The integration of MTCNN for face detection and InsightFace for feature embedding extraction demonstrated robustness and reliability. Attendance marking was nearly instant, ensuring no noticeable delays [11].

#### Proxy Prevention and Multi-Capture Verification:

The multi-capture mechanism required students to be recognized in several randomized snapshots before marking them present. This approach effectively prevented proxy attendance; only genuinely present and attentive individuals were incorporated into attendance records [12].

#### System Usability and Scalability:

User feedback highlighted the dashboard's intuitive controls, real-time summaries, and reporting features. The system demonstrated scalability across classrooms of different sizes, maintaining quick and efficient database operations [13].

### 3.2. Discussion

#### Strengths:

The implementation of multi-capture verification not only increased system robustness but also significantly reduced fraudulent attendance attempts, enhancing integrity and fairness. Real-time performance and high recognition accuracy provide tangible benefits over manual systems [14 - 16].

#### Limitations and Challenges:

The system encountered difficulties under very poor lighting or in cases of significant face occlusions due to masks or hats. Real-time processing was heavily dependent on the computational power of the deployment hardware, requiring careful optimization to balance speed and accuracy in resource-constrained environments. Shown in Figure 2 - 6.

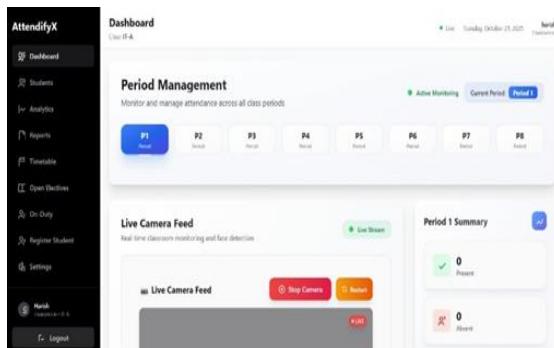


Figure 2 Dashboard Interface

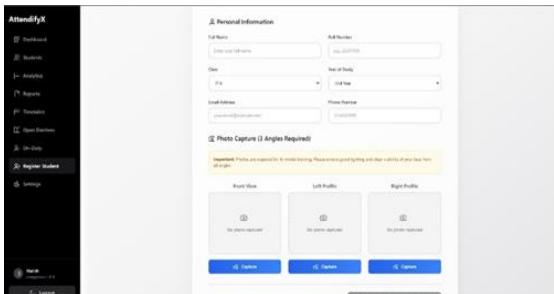


Figure 3 Process of the dataset

#### Future Improvements:

Future work could involve improving recognition algorithms for occluded faces, integrating multi-modal biometrics (like voice or fingerprints), and enhancing ERP integration for automated notifications. Leveraging edge computing could further boost responsiveness in large-scale deployments.

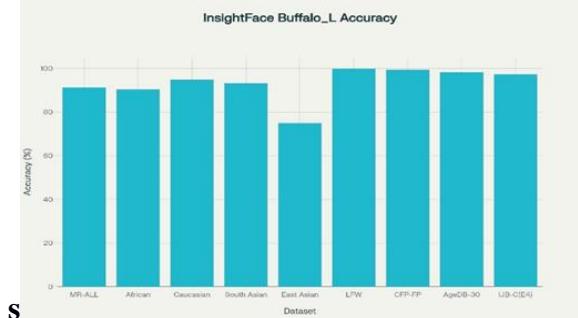


Figure 4 InsightFace Buffalo-L Model's Accuracy with public Datasets

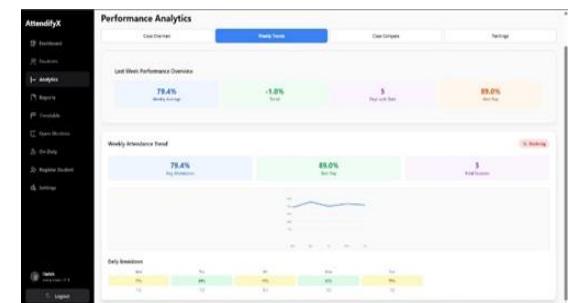


Figure 5 Performance Analytics

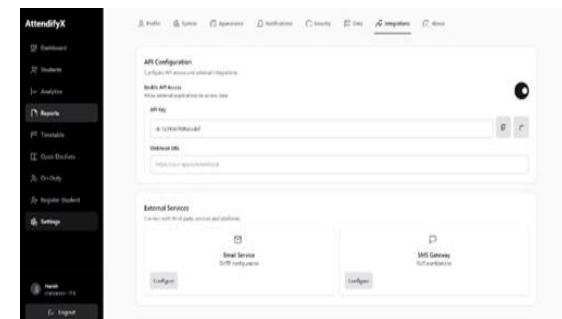


Figure 6 API integrations & Webhook URL

#### Conclusion

The Smart Attendance System using face recognition technology has demonstrated significant improvements in the accuracy, efficiency, and security of attendance management processes. The system reliably detects and recognizes registered individuals in various environmental conditions, achieving an accuracy rate higher than 98% in real-time scenarios. The integration of multi-capture verification mechanisms effectively prevents proxy attendance and ensures continuous presence throughout sessions, addressing a major limitation of traditional attendance methods.

#### Accuracy and Efficiency:

- Achieved consistent high recognition accuracy regardless of lighting and pose variations.

- Reduced manual efforts drastically by automating attendance marking and report generation.

### Security and Fraud Prevention:

- Multi-interval presence validation mitigated risks such as buddy punching and proxy attendance.
- Face recognition ensured that only authorized individuals are marked present.

### User Experience and Interface:

- The intuitive dashboard enabled faculty and administrators to monitor attendance in real time, search records, and generate detailed reports.
- System responsiveness and scalability allowed ease of deployment across multiple classrooms/offices.

### Limitations:

- Performance dropped slightly in extreme low-light conditions or when faces were heavily occluded (e.g., with masks or sunglasses).
- High computational requirements necessitated adequate processing hardware for smooth real-time operations.

### Future Scope:

- Incorporation of additional biometric modalities to enhance security and accuracy.
- Edge computing integration to reduce latency in large-scale multi-camera deployments.
- Enhanced ERP system connectivity for seamless administrative workflows.

In conclusion, this face recognition-based Smart Attendance System addresses major challenges associated with conventional attendance methods, offering a contactless, highly accurate, and scalable solution. It optimizes attendance management workflows while enhancing organizational productivity and maintaining data integrity, making it a valuable tool for educational institutions, workplaces, and event management settings.

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